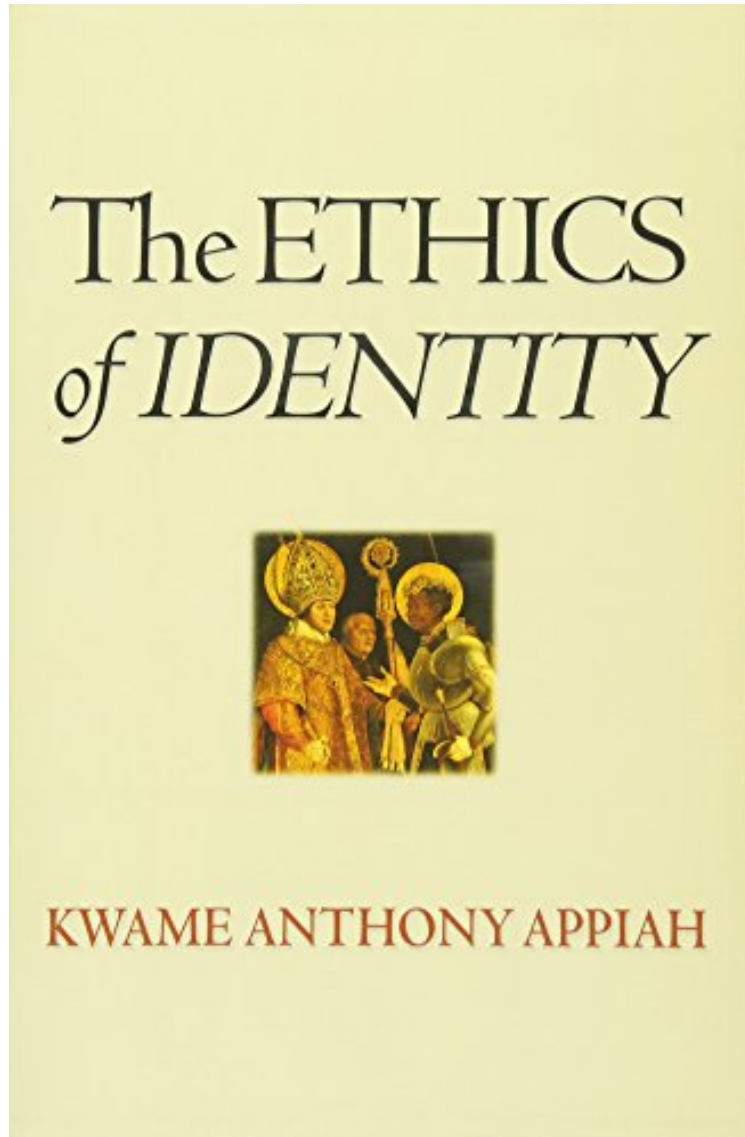


(Download pdf) The Ethics of Identity

## The Ethics of Identity

*Kwame Anthony Appiah*

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0691130280384 pages | File size: 26.Mb

**Kwame Anthony Appiah : The Ethics of Identity** before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised The Ethics of Identity:

2 of 3 people found the following review helpful. A new path for moralityBy William H. DuBayKwame Appiah has given us a new paradigm for the discussion of ethics, basing it on the dynamics of identity.In my 1987 book on gay identity, I showed how all identity is a social artifact, the result of the interaction between the individual and the possible identities presented by societyAppiah calls this process, "soul-making." Today it could be called "self-

making," the way that we cobble together a personality for ourselves from various roles and occupations available in society. Identity always entails membership in a group. Like language itself, it is not of our making, but made available to us to use. Appiah takes it for granted that the goal of a liberal society is to assure the autonomy of the individual in this process. He spends much of the work, however, in discussing the intrinsic conflict between the liberal view of that personal freedom and the demands of one's various identities. The critical point of the book is that ethics has its origins in those identities, each of which has its own demands and rules. Our life goals and meanings come from those identities. We measure our success in life by how well we have performed the tasks set out by our various identity/role/memberships. Identity is the framework of ethics. This leads Appiah to examine the role of the state in soul making and creating one's identity. Taking cue from Plato, who wrote that "politics is the art of caring for souls," Appiah holds that the state has a radical interest in ethics, in protecting the autonomy of the individual both in creating an identity and pursuing it. Everything the state does, he writes, should be governed by how it affects the freedom, intelligence, and virtue of individuals pursuing their identities. Appiah's argument that identity, as our chosen life-path, is the source of obligations is weak. He seems to abstract identity from our identification with the various groups we choose to be part of. The whole notion of "ought," like "must," is an implied passive construction meaning, "is obligated." Who, we must ask, is the obligator? The obvious answer is not the individual nor the identification itself but the other members of the groups which we have joined. They have set the standards against which we measure our performance. We live in an ocean of mutual obligations. The voice of our consciousness is always speaking in the imperative mood. In our heads, we are naturally teachers, telling others what to do. Our ethical obligations are always created by those others whom we have chosen to join. Also missing in this erudite discussion was any of the work on deviant identity done by Becker, Goffman, Sagarin, and Matza and many others of an earlier generation. They changed the field sociology to benefit millions. Deviant identities are very special and bring their own demands that further limit autonomy by avoiding the "anxiety of choice." In becoming gay, for example, "one chooses not to choose" Appiah suggests that one who experiences homosexual desires has little choice about adopting the gay role. This ignores the great disconnect between the behavior and the identity noted in the Kinsey studies. Most people who have homosexual experiences do not adopt the identity, while there are many who adopt the identity with very little and even no homosexual experience. There are also many who deny the label and are able to enjoy the autonomy of living without it. There are many African-Americans, Native Americans, and others who surmount the limitations of the roles that society has created for them. Parents living in the inner city, for example, struggle daily to keep their children from hating in response to the enraging humiliations they face in a segregated city. They do this by living, thinking, and acting in such a way as if the oppression and domination did not exist. They try to define how a human being should act in such circumstances, what it is to be a normal human being, or, in Appiah's word, a cosmopolitan, a citizen of the world. In this effort, many have been remarkably successful. Appiah states regarding deviant identity on p. 112: "Each of these categories has served as an instrument of subordination, as a constraint upon autonomy, a proxy for misfortune. Some identities, we can show, were created as part of a classificatory system for oppression." Yet, he goes on to say: "...categories designed for subordination can also be used to mobilize and empower people as members of a self-affirmative identity.... As a parameter, identities provide for choosing, for defining the shape of our lives, but they also provide a basis for community, for positive forms of solidarity." A second weakness in the book is the lack of attention given to work identity. In any society, what one does for a living plays a major role in defining the self. As Marx told us, it is work that ennobles us and defines our unique position in the universe. Work is always at the heart of both ethics and identity.

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. It's what you'd expect  
By Logan Swan  
As for the content, it's quite philosophical, and very challenging in the first chapter. If you stick with it through the first 13ish pages you'll find that it gets much more understanding and hitting home. Perfect e-book excluding the fact that it doesn't have page numbers. It's like any other books out there if you've gotten them before.

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Appiah makes philosophy  
By RKonklinjr  
Kwame Anthony Appiah, a name not well known in a subject equally lacking in general popularity, however Appiah's books are surprisingly readable, offering challenging concepts in an digestible prose style.

Race, ethnicity, nationality, religion, gender, sexuality: in the past couple of decades, a great deal of attention has been paid to such collective identities. They clamor for recognition and respect, sometimes at the expense of other things we value. But to what extent do "identities" constrain our freedom, our ability to make an individual life, and to what extent do they enable our individuality? In this beautifully written work, renowned philosopher and African Studies scholar Kwame Anthony Appiah draws on thinkers through the ages and across the globe to explore such questions. The *Ethics of Identity* takes seriously both the claims of individuality--the task of making a life---and the claims of identity, these large and often abstract social categories through which we define ourselves. What sort of life one should lead is a subject that has preoccupied moral and political thinkers from Aristotle to Mill. Here, Appiah develops an account of ethics, in just this venerable sense--but an account that connects moral obligations with collective allegiances, our individuality with our identities. As he observes, the question who we are has always been linked to the question what we are. Adopting a broadly interdisciplinary perspective, Appiah takes aim at the clichés and

received ideas amid which talk of identity so often founders. Is "culture" a good? For that matter, does the concept of culture really explain anything? Is diversity of value in itself? Are moral obligations the only kind there are? Has the rhetoric of "human rights" been overstretched? In the end, Appiah's arguments make it harder to think of the world as divided between the West and the Rest; between locals and cosmopolitans; between Us and Them. The result is a new vision of liberal humanism--one that can accommodate the vagaries and variety that make us human.

A New York Times Editors' Choice  
One of .com's Best Nonfiction Books for 2005  
Winner of the 2005 Award for Excellence in Professional/Scholarly Publishing in Philosophy, Association of American Publishers  
Honorable Mention for the 2005 Gustavus Myers Outstanding Book Award, Gustavus Myers Center for the Study of Bigotry and Human Rights

"The Ethics of Identity is wonderfully straightforward. It does just what it proposes to do. It explores the demands of 'individuality,' and rejects extreme understandings of what autonomy requires. It considers the relation of personal and group identity to morals and ethics. . . . It moves on to the links between identity and culture. . . . Appiah has some very wise and original things to say about the inevitability of a liberal state affecting the inner life of its citizens. He ends with a defense of rooted cosmopolitanism. Not only is the argument direct; it is untechnical, transparent, and unaggressive. . . . Appiah concentrates on a double question: how we acquire an individual identity by acquiring a social identity, and how we find--and make--an identity that is not a straitjacket. In pursuing this question, Appiah begins to explore one of the most fascinating and difficult questions in moral philosophy, the relationship between general principles and particular attachments. . . . [He] shows just how to write about the intimate, formative relations that are central to a life, most strikingly in his epilogue, but as you realize when you reach that ending, he has been doing it, as well as a great deal else, throughout *The Ethics of Identity*."--Alan Ryan, *The New York Times*

"Suave and discerning. . . . Appiah seeks to reorient political philosophy by returning to the example set by John Stuart Mill. . . . For all of Appiah's philosophic precision, his writing often resembles not Mill's but that of Oscar Wilde--to my mind, the finest prose stylist of the 19th century. . . . [T]he superb rhetorical performance of this book offers the most persuasive evidence for his case. . . . To read *The Ethics of Identity* is to enter into the world it describes; it is also to imagine what it might be like to live in so urbane and expansive a place."--Jonathan Freedman, *New York Times Book Review*

"Kwame Anthony Appiah undertakes to combine a form of liberalism that aspires to universal validity with a full recognition and substantial acceptance of the important cultural and ethical diversity that characterizes our world."--Thomas Nagel, *New Republic*

"[An] impressive book. . . . [A] thorough exploration of moral concepts such as authenticity, tolerance, individuality, and dignity, and how they are all connected to the task of making a life. . . . It is hard to know what to admire most about this book: the urbane elegance of Appiah's prose, the reach of his knowledge, or the sheer philosophical sharpness of his analysis."--Carl Elliott, *The American Prospect*

"This book, with its fluid, inviting phrasing, is exceptionally well written. . . . It is effective, insightful, and thought-provoking. . . . Appiah clears the way for a justification of a narrative, pragmatic, particular relations-based cosmopolitanism, which is universal without the necessity of theoretical agreement."--Choice

"This new book aims to lay the groundwork for a new version of liberal theory adequate to the challenges of our time. . . . I find Appiah's overall conception of liberalism very congenial. . . . If Appiah succeeds in attenuating the force of such claims by undermining the theoretical conceptualizations and arguments supporting them, and integrating the valid claims of identity into liberal theory, he will have contributed very significantly to the reconstruction of liberalism."--Leonard J. Waks, *Education and Culture*

"The conclusion Appiah eloquently affirms is spot on: the key to living a moral life is clearly not to seek to forego identity. On the contrary, it is to put identity in the service of becoming ethical human beings."--Joshua Jelly-Schapiro, *Tikkun*

"Kwame Anthony Appiah, a man of multiple cultures and languages who is able to question culture itself, leaves us better able to contemplate how to lead life well and to relate ethically to others in the process."--E. James Lieberman, *PsycCritiques*

"Kwame Anthony Appiah's *The Ethics of Identity* is a wonderful book. It is as rigorous as one expects the best philosophy to be, yet it is whitty, humane, and engaging in ways that academic philosophy is only rarely. It is the best account of the ethics of liberal society that we possess."--Daniel Weinstock, *Ethics*

"Appiah, . . . an elegant writer, observes that we are not simply members of groups or products of culture. Individuality and autonomy, he argues, are fundamental to personhood in all social and cultural contexts."--David Moshman, *Journal of Applied Developmental Psychology*

"[This is] a book that does [a] thorough and original a job of exposing the deep paradoxes within identity and confronting the serious ethical dilemmas to which they give rise."--John E. Joseph, *Journal of Multilingual and Multicultural Development*

"From the Inside Flap" Appiah has written a remarkably impressive book, one that makes a number of important advances on the existing literature and stands as an important contribution to political and moral philosophy and moral psychology. It will be very widely read."--Jacob Levy, *University of Chicago*

"The Ethics of Identity is a major overhaul of the vocabulary of contemporary political and critical thought--the vocabulary of identity, diversity, authenticity, cosmopolitanism, and culture. The load of hidden assumptions carried by these words had become overwhelming, and someone needed to take them to the shop and give them a thorough philosophical servicing. But Anthony Appiah has done more than that. He has returned those terms to us clarified, refreshed, and ready for use in a more sophisticated and flexible philosophy of Liberalism--and, along the way, he has provided us with a new reading of liberalism's old hero, John

Stuart Mill. Appiah's writing is unparalleled in its elegance, its lucidity, and its humanity. Accept no substitutes."--Louis Menand, Harvard University "In the debates over diversity, rights, group identities or group conflict, *The Ethics of Identity*, is the land of lucidity. Appiah's elegant book resists the easy alternatives of universal liberalism and multiculturalism and instead defends--and illustrates on every page--a rooted cosmopolitanism. The sparkling prose, vivid examples, and probing questions navigate the choppy waters of personal and political constructions of race, ethnicity, gender, religion, and sexuality. This fine and wise book invites readers to remain willing to distinguish tolerance and respect--and by engaging with both the lives people make for themselves and the communities and narratives that render them meaningful."--Martha Minow, Harvard Law School and author of *Identity, Politics, and the Law* From the Back Cover "Appiah has written a remarkably impressive book, one that makes a number of important advances on the existing literature and stands as an important contribution to political and moral philosophy and moral psychology. It will be very widely read."--Jacob Levy, University of Chicago "The *Ethics of Identity* is a major overhaul of the vocabulary of contemporary political and critical thought--the vocabulary of identity, diversity, authenticity, cosmopolitanism, and culture. The load of hidden assumptions carried by these words had become overwhelming, and someone needed to take them to the shop and give them a thorough philosophical servicing. But Anthony Appiah has done more than that. He has returned those terms to us clarified, refreshed, and ready for use in a more sophisticated and flexible philosophy of Liberalism--and, along the way, he has provided us with a new reading of liberalism's old hero, John Stuart Mill. Appiah's writing is unparalleled in its elegance, its lucidity, and its humanity. Accept no substitutes."--Louis Menand, Harvard University "In the debates over diversity, rights, group identities or group conflict, *The Ethics of Identity*, is the land of lucidity. Appiah's elegant book resists the easy alternatives of universal liberalism and multiculturalism and instead defends--and illustrates on every page--a rooted cosmopolitanism. The sparkling prose, vivid examples, and probing questions navigate the choppy waters of personal and political constructions of race, ethnicity, gender, religion, and sexuality. This fine and wise book invites readers to remain willing to distinguish tolerance and respect--and by engaging with both the lives people make for themselves and the communities and narratives that render them meaningful."--Martha Minow, Harvard Law School and author of *Identity, Politics, and the Law*